

## **Manual**

## **Preface**

The purpose of this manual is to give the user insight into the operation, mounting and maintenance of the equipment delivered by Geha bv.

Before starting to install or mount the equipment, carefully read this manual and follow the instructions given. In case of doubt about an operation that is to be carried out, please contact Geha by.

Installation, commissioning and maintenance should only be carried out by experienced mechanics.

As this is a piece of industrial equipment, we assume that installation and maintenance will be carried out by well-trained mechanics.

Geha by has paid much attention to the safety and reliability of the equipment. A number of safety measures have been taken which should guarantee that the equipment can be operated safely at all times.

During installation and/or assembly of the equipment all safety devices must have been installed before putting the equipment into use.

# 1 Introduction

## 1 – 1 Information about the supplier

Firmanaam: Machinefabriek apparatenbouw Geha by

Adres: Veilingstraat 52

7833HN Nieuw-amsterdam

Nederland

Telefoon: (+31) 591 55 17 33 Fax: (+31) 591 55 37 81 e-mail: info@geha-holland.nl





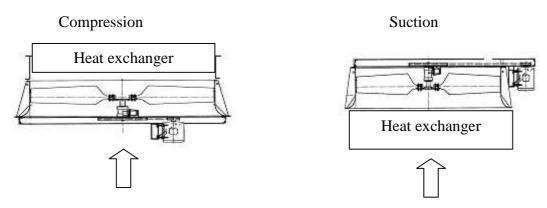
## 1 - 2 Purpose of use

The equipment described in this manual must only be used in an industrial environment and as part of an assembled unit. This assembled unit must be provided with the proper protection equipment and, if applicable, control equipment. The equipment has not been designed to function as a stand-alone device.

## **Description of the machine**

Geha is a company that designs and produces ventilators intended for moving atmospheric air. The air being moved is typically used as a cooling medium. In that case the air is led through a heat exchanger.

A distinction is made between two methods of air movement: compression and suction.



With the compression method, the air first passes the ventilator, which then pushes (compresses) the air through the heat exchanger.

With the suction method, the air first passes the heat exchanger; the ventilator is located over the heat exchanger and sucks the air through it.

Both models are composed of a casing (ring), an electric motor, a bearing unit, drive belts and a fan. The unit is protected by grids to assure safe operation.

# 2 Safety

## 2 – 1 Use of personal safety equipment

In addition to the statutory safety equipment we advise to use the following safety gear:

Helmet During hoisting and assembly of the equipment

Safety goggles During all work on the equipment

Gloves During hoisting and assembly of the equipment

#### 2 - 2 Safety risks

As this equipment is a ventilator fitted with a rotating fan, the following risks should be taken into account:



# Ventilator (Compact type)



Risk	Risk eliminated by Geha by				
When ventilator is in operation:					
Being hit by rotating fan	Protective grids at inlet and outlet of ventilator ring				
Limbs getting jammed between belts and pulleys	Protective cover around belts and pulleys				

# 2 - 3 Safety precautions

One side of the ventilator opening is covered with a protective grid, the opposite opening, i.e. the mounting side of the ventilator, is not covered.

This side of the ventilator is connected to: an air chamber, a unit or space where the air is blown into or out of.

Warning:	In all cases this chamber must not be accessible during normal
	operation.
!	If there is any doubt at all about the accessibility of the above chamber
	to persons during normal operation, then a protective grid must be
	fitted.
	This grid does not come as standard with the ventilator.

# All moving parts for the fan drive are covered.

# 2 – 4 Safety measures to be taken

Before you connect the fan motor to the mains, make sure that all protective grids are in place. Before installing the protective grids, check the machine settings according to the enclosed instructions.

# 3 Transport en storage

## 3 – 1 Hoisting of the parts

**Crane:** always hoist the ventilator using a four-point cable of sufficient length. **Fork lift truck:** lifting is only permitted if the ventilator is placed on a pallet of adequate dimensions. Prevent shifting of the ventilator during transport.





# Warning:



# Do not use the hoisting lug of the electric motor

This hoisting lug is only intended for lifting the motor from the unit

# 3 - 3 Storage conditions

Store on a flat surface with the protective grid facing up. Store the accompanying box or crate with fastening materials in a dry environment

# 4 Mounting, installation and commissioning

# 4 – 1 Installing / mounting

See the enclosed assembly drawings

# 4 - 2 Connecting

To connect the electric motor, please refer to the manual of the motor manufacturer.

#### 4 – 3 Instellen / afstellen

This ventilator has been fully set and tested at the Geha factory. After installation, and after items 2-2 and 2-3 of this manual have been complied with, the electric motor can be connected.

## Attention: The electric motor must be earthed properly

## **Mounting of pulleys**

## A: Taperlocks





Fig. 3

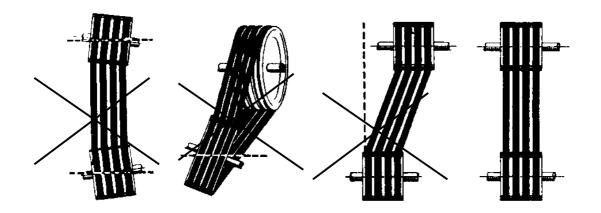
- Insert the taperlock bus into the pulley (Fig.1
- Insert bolts into the holes and turn them by hand as far as they will go. (Fig.2)
- Place the pulley along with the taperlock around the shaft and put this assembly in the correct position. (Fig 3)
- After approx. 24 operating hours, check if the bolt connections are still secure.



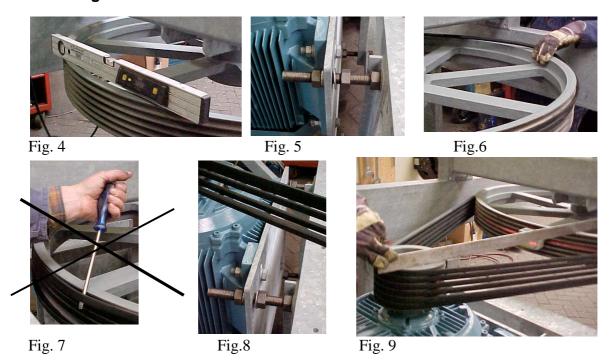
Tightening tourque of taperlock bolts:

Bus	1008 1108	1310 1210 1315 1215	1610 1615	2012	2517	3020 3030	3535	4040	4545	5050
Bolt diameter	'1/4"	3/8"		7/16"	'1/2"	5/8"	'1/2"	5/8"	'3/4"	7/8"
No. of bolts	2	2		2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Torque (Nm)	5,6	20		30	50	90	115	170	190	270

# **B:** Alignment



# **Mounting of V-belts**





- Ensure that both pulleys are mounted in a completely level position. (Fig.4)
- Move the motor plate closer to the pulley of the fan. (Fig 5)
- Install the V-belts. (Fig. 6)
- Do not use a screwdriver or similar object to install the V-belts. (Fig. 7)
- Tension the V-belts by moving the motor bracket. (Fig. 8) Tension / depression depth is shown on the assembly drawing
- Check if both pulleys are properly aligned and adjust if necessary. (Fig. 9)

## **Torques and prestressing force**

In accordance with VDI Richtliniën 2230 for dimensions DIN 912-931-933-934-6912-7984 with standard metric thread according to DIN 13 sheet 13.

Bolt dia.	Consistency	Fsp (N)	Msp (Nm)	Bolt dia.	Consiste	Fsp (N)	Msp (Nm)	
	class				ncy			
					class			
	8.8	38500	79		8.8	117000	390	
M12	10.9	56000	116	M20	10.9	167000	560	
	12.9	66000	135		12.9	195000	660	
	8.8	53000	125		8.8	146000	540	
M14	10.9	77000	185	M22	10.9	208000	760	
	12.9	91000	215		12.9	244000	890	
	8.8	73000	195		8.8	168000	680	
M16	10.9	107000	290	M24	10.9	240000	970	
	12.9	125000	340	]	12.9	280000	1130	
	8.8	91000	280	Fsp = prestressing force at $\mu$ g = 0.14 *				
M18	10.9	130000	400	Msp = tightening torque at $\mu$ k = 0.12 **				
	12.9	152000	470	]	<b>5</b> 1	•		

<sup>\*</sup>  $\mu$  g = friction coefficient on the screw thread

## 4 - 4 Test runs

Before switching on the ventilator, ensure that the grid and the belt protection covers are in place and that the other side of the ventilator has been built in. The earthing cams must be connected to an earthing cable.

## 4 – 5 Provisions to be taken care of by the buyer

On site there should be a hoisting device present for unloading the parts.

**Attention:** For the weights of the various parts, please refer to the packages or distribution list concerned.

# 4 – 6 Required special tools and equipment

The installation and/or assembly of the ventilator does not require any special tools.

# 5 Operation

As this equipment is part of an assembled installation, no operating instructions are given for this type of ventilator. The operating instructions apply to the entire system and are the

<sup>\*\*</sup>  $\mu$  k = friction coefficient on the contact surfaces



# Ventilator (Compact type)



responsibility of the client or the end user. voor de complete installatie en is de verantwoordelijkheid van de opdrachtgever of eindgebruiker.

# **6 Maintenance**

# 6 - 1 Bearing block

See the maintenance instructions in the manual of the **Bearing block** 

#### 6 - 2 Fan

Regularly check the fan vanes for proper tip clearance and for contamination.

**Attention:** Dirt can cause imbalance, which may reduce the life of both the impeller and the bearing block. Moreover, there is a risk that the impeller may touch the ventilator ring, so that the ring is damaged too.

## 6 - 3 V-belts

The operational life of the belts has been set at 25,000 operating hours. The belt tension must be checked after approx. 24 operating hours. And subsequently every year. If necessary the belt tension has to be adjusted, after which the first check has to take place again after approx. 24 operating hours.

After approx. 24 operating hours, check if the bolt connections are still secure

Warning	During all work to be carried out in the ventlator, the
	power supply must be switched off and the main switch
	locked (key lock on main switch).

Warning	Before switching on the ventilator, ensure that the grid
	and the belt protection covers are in place and that the other side of the ventilator has been built in.

## 7 Annexes

Installation drawings